

EU je sistem biljnog pasoša

The EU system for plant passport

Further strengthening of capacities of phytosanitary sector in the fields of plant protection products, plant health and seeds and seedlings, including phytosanitary laboratories and phytosanitary inspections” “EU-FITO-BiH”

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The EU system of plant passport has been implemented to prevent the movement of quarantine harmful organisms into and throughout the free market of the European Union (EU),

Translation

It regards the production and trade of certain regulated plants and plant products between the EU Member States and those parts for which it is valid (e.g. Switzerland).

Translation

All plants which are not subjected to the plant health provisions are free to move throughout the whole EU territory (except for the provisions provided for quality standards).

Translation

Each EU Member State is responsible for controlling the compliance with the requirements,

- within its territory
- or at entering its territory from non-EU countries.

Translation

Controls on regulated products are mainly focused:

- at the places of production,
- or at the border inspection posts.

Translation

Nevertheless, further controls can be carried out anywhere, and it is always possible to intercept non compliant consignments moving within the EU.

Translation

Where checks are satisfactory, instead of the phytosanitary certificate used in international trade, both EU and third country products will be accompanied by a plant passport.

Translation

All producers, importers and traders in plants, plant products and other objects regulated by the plant passport system have to be officially registered (phytoregister).

Translation

In particular, registered operators have to:

- notify the official body of any unusual occurrence of harmful organisms, symptoms or any other plant abnormality;

Translation

- to keep and updated plan of the premises where plants are grown, stored or kept,
- ... to apply obligations provided by Member States, according to EU 2000/29/EC Directive provisions.

Translation

Exempted operators

Translation

Small producers or
processors whose entire
production and sale of
relevant plants, plant
products and other
objects ...

- are intended for final usage by persons on the local market,
- and who are not professionally involved in plant production.

Translation

Each operator is identified by a plant health identification number, which must be reported on the plant passports.

Translation

The procedure facilitates controls and provides a trace-back system in case of evidences of presence of harmful organisms after dispatching and movement throughout the EU.

Translation

The plant passport, with effect from 1 June 1993, refers to an official label and a trade document (e.g. the invoice or the delivery note), which bear the regulated items with the required information.

Translation

The trade document is not necessary if all the required information are set out on the label.

The information should preferably be printed in at least one of the 24 official languages of EU.

Translation

The plant passport is:

- standardised at EU level for different types of plants or plant products,
- prepared by the responsible official body in a Member State,

Translation

- and issued in accordance with the implementing rules governing the details of the procedure for issuing plant passports.

Translation

Plant passport labels are produced, printed and stored by:

- the plant health body of the Member State;
- or more often by the registered operators, under official control.

Translation

Additional requirements are applied for plants movement into and within protected zones, which are recognised for specific harmful organisms.

Translation

A plant passport may be replaced at a later date and in any part of the EU by another plant passport, where consignments are:

Translation

- divided up,
- or parts of them are combined,
- or their plant-health status changes.

The replacement procedures must comply with provisions of the Directive 2000/29/EC.

Translation

Where it is not considered that provisions are fulfilled, a plant passport shall not be issued, and the products shall be the subject of one or more official measures:

Translation

- appropriate treatment, followed by the issue of the appropriate plant passport, if it is considered that, as a result of treatment, the conditions are fulfilled,

Translation

- issuing of a permit for movement, under official control, to zones where they do not present an additional risk,

Translation

- issuing of a permit for movement, under official control, to places for industrial processing,
- destruction,

Translation

... and, the relevant activities of the producer shall be totally or partially suspended until it is established that the risk of spreading harmful organisms is eliminated.

Translation

Final users professionally engaged in plant production, retain the related plant passports for at least one year and enter the references in their records.

Translation

Plant passport system is not applied to the movement of small quantities of plants, plant products, foodstuffs or animal feedingstuffs where they are intended for ...

Translation

- use by the owner or recipient for non-industrial and non-commercial purposes
- or for consumption during transport

provided that there is no risk of harmful organisms spreading.

Translation

Translation

Thank You for attention